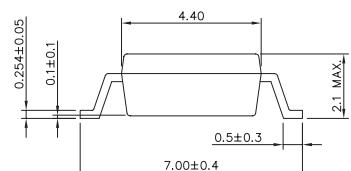


Features

1. High isolation voltage ($BV=2500$ Vrms)
2. Small and thin package (4pin SOP, Pin pitch 1.27 mm)
3. High current transfer ratio
($CTR=2000\%$ TYP. @ $I_F=1mA$, $V_{CE}=2V$)

Outside Dimension:Unit (mm)

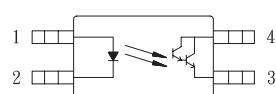


TOLERANCE : ± 0.2mm

Applications

1. Programmable logic controllers
2. Measuring instruments
3. Hybrid IC

Schematic: Top View



1. Anode
2. Cathode
3. Collector
4. Emitter

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current (DC)	I_F	50	mA
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation derating	$P_D/^\circ C$	0.6	mW / °C
	Power dissipation	P_D	60	mW
	Peak forward current *1	I_{FP}	1	A
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	40	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	90	mA
	Power dissipation derating	$P_C/^\circ C$	1.2	mW / °C
	Total power dissipation	P_C	120	mW
	Isolation voltage *2	V_{ISO}	2500	Vrms
	Operating temperature	T_{OPR}	-30 to +100	°C
	Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-55 to +150	°C

*1 PW=100 μs, duty cycle=1%

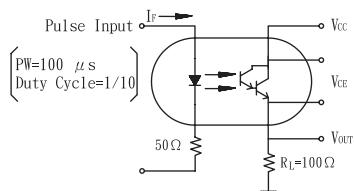
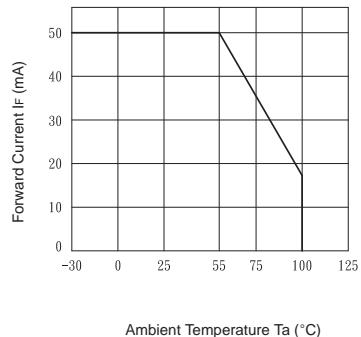
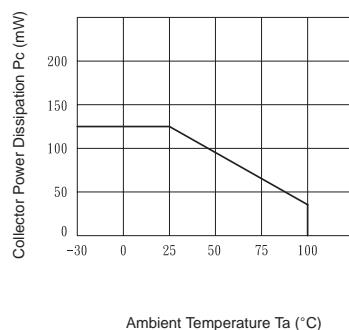
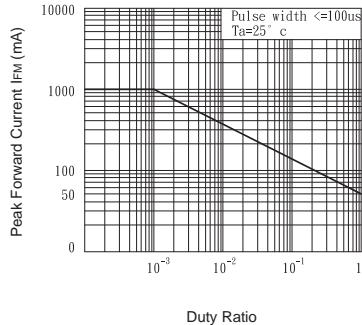
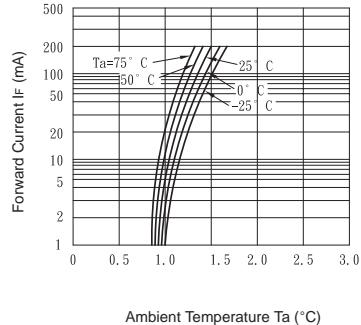
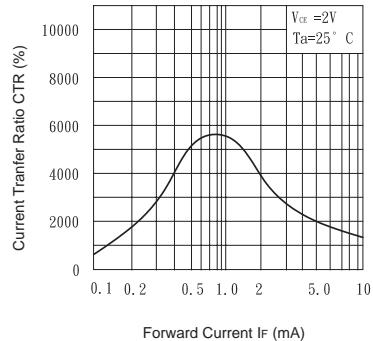
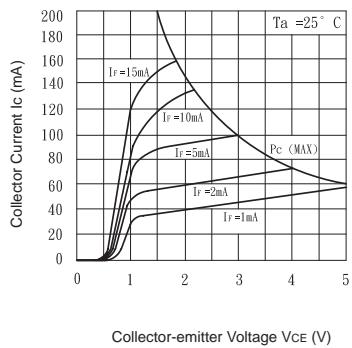
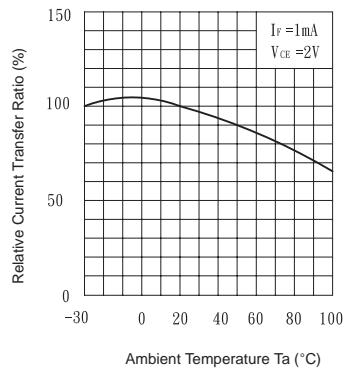
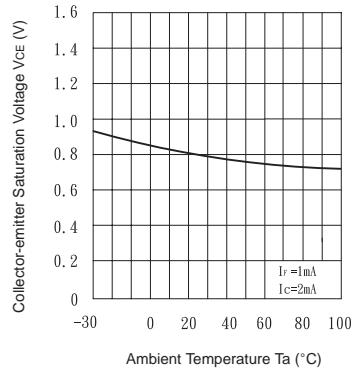
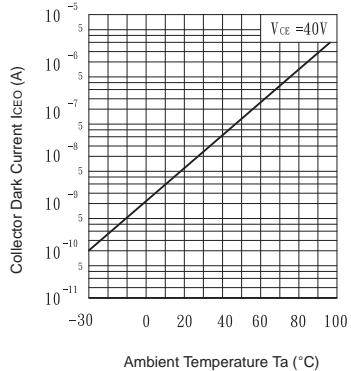
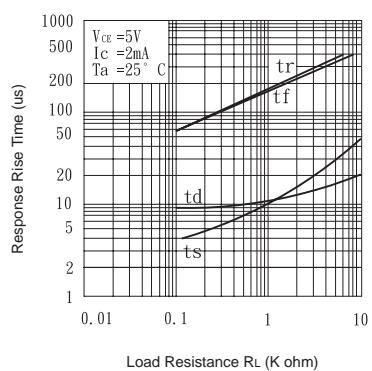
*2 AC voltage for 1 minute at Ta=25°C, RH=60% between input and output

Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	$I_F=5mA$		1.1	1.4	V
	Reverse current	I_R	$V_R=5V$		5		μA
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	$V=0V, f=1.0MHz$	30			pF
Output	Collector-emitter dark current	I_{CEO}	$V_{CE}=40V, I_F=0mA$		400		nA
Transfer characteristics	Current transfer ratio (I_C / I_F)	CTR	$I_F=1mA, V_{CE}=2V$	200	2000		%
	Collector saturation voltage	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	$I_F=1mA, I_C=2mA$			1.0	V
	Isolation resistance	R_{I-O}	$V_{I-O}=500VDC$	5×10^{10}	10^{11}		ohm
	Floating capacitance	C_{I-O}	$V=0V, f=1.0MHz$		0.4		pF
	Response time (Rise) *1	t_r	$V_{CE}=5V, I_C=2mA, R_L=100ohm$		200		μS
	Response time (Fall) *1	t_f			200		μS

*1 Test circuit for switching time

**Fig.1** Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**Fig.2** Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**Fig.3** Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio**Fig.4** Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**Fig.5** Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current**Fig.6** Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**Fig.7** Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**Fig.8** Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**Fig.9** Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature**Fig.10** Response Time vs. Load Resistance**Fig.11** Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current